

Study QUESTIONS

Ep. 1245: Is God REALLY Omnipotent? Contradictions Series

<https://christianquestions.com/doctrine/1245-omnipotent/>

See:  CQRewind
SHOW NOTES

1. What is the definition of omnipotence? Omniscience? Omnipresence? Omnibenevolence?
Is God omnipresent, inside every person or every blade of grass?
2. How do God's names define His nature? Discuss each: *Shaddai, Jehovah, Most High, God* and *Adonai*.
(See Genesis 14:18, 17:1, Exodus 6:2-4, Psalm 68:19, Bonus Material - Strong's Exhaustive Concordance #7706, #3068, #5945, #410, #136)
3. Explain the seeming contradiction between Genesis 1:31 and Genesis 6:5-6. How does Revelation 13:8 show God's omnipotence? Why is sin a necessary experience for all of us? (See Genesis 3:15)
4. Why was God seemingly not able to help Judah drive out the inhabitants of the valley in Judges 1:18-19? Was this the only time Israel faced iron chariots? What part did Joshua play? What is necessary for God's people to access His great power? (See Jeremiah 32:26-27, Joshua 17:16-18, 18:1)
5. Explain how what God *cannot* do shows His omnipotence:
 - a. God cannot have His word ever go unfulfilled - Isaiah 55:8-11
 - b. God cannot lie - see Hebrews 6:13,18
 - c. God cannot be unfaithful - Romans 3:2-4, 1 Corinthians 1:9How do *you* think these next things make God worthy of our trust and praise?
 - d. God cannot be tempted - James 1:13
 - e. God cannot deny who He is - 2 Timothy 2:13
 - f. God cannot grow tired or weary - Isaiah 40:28
6. Why would we *not* want a god with unlimited and unrestrained power? Does God have unlimited power? How is His power expressed and constrained? (See Romans 11:33-36)
7. Did God favor Abel over Cain? Does He give Cain options? What is the principle for being favored? Did God "hate" Esau even before he was born? Explain. (See Genesis 4:2-7, 25:22-23, Romans 2:9-11, 9:10-13, Malachi 1:2-3, Hebrews 12:15-17)
8. Is God a God of equality? Does He manipulate people so that He gets His will? What would this violate? How did God "harden" Pharaoh's heart? How does everyone start out? If someone is in God's favor, what is expected of them? (See Romans 9:14-18, Matthew 5:45, Jeremiah 13:13-14)
9. How is the Lord good to all? When Jesus cast Israel off, did He leave any hope for individual Jews? Where did God's favor go next? What was necessary to gain this favor? (See Psalms 145:8-13, Proverbs 21:2-3, Matthew 23:37-39, Acts 10)
10. Explain how God's partiality now is for the ultimate blessing of all.
How do you view God differently/the same? (See Isaiah 2:2-4)